

(6pts) 1. Find the first derivative, $\frac{dy}{dx}$, using the product rule of:

$$f(x) = (5x^2 - 7)(3x^2 - 2x + 1)$$

$$f'(x) = (5x^2 - 7)(6x - 2) + (10x)(3x^2 - 2x + 1) \quad \checkmark$$

FEEL ERROR

$$= \underbrace{30x^3 - 42x - 10x^2 + 14}_{60x^3 - 30x^2 - 32x + 14} + \underbrace{30x^3 - 20x + 10x}$$

$$f'(x) = \cancel{60x^3 - 10x^2 - 52x}$$

$$f'(x) = 2(30x^3 - 15x^2 - 16x + 7)$$

-2

(6pts) 2. Find the first derivative, $\frac{dy}{dx}$, using the quotient rule of:

$$f(x) = \frac{5x - 4}{3x^2 + 1}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(3x^2 + 1)(5) - (5x - 4)(6x)}{(3x^2 + 1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{15x^2 + 5 - 30x^2 + 24x}{(3x^2 + 1)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-15x^2 + 24x + 5}{(3x^2 + 1)^2}$$

(Bonus 5pts) 3. Find the first derivative, $\frac{dy}{dx}$, of: $y = \sin(2x^2 - 2x)$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} [\sin u] = \cos u \cdot u'$$

$$y' = \cos(2x^2 - 2x)(4x - 2)$$

derivative of inner function

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